

Draft as of 26 February 2020

Inter-parliamentary Conference for the CFSP/CSDP

Zagreb (2-4 March 2020)

DRAFT CONCLUSIONS

LIST OF AMENDMENTS

The Inter-Parliamentary Conference:

Paragraph	Original text	Amendment	New draft text
1.	Notes that the Union's strategic environment has become unstable; takes the view that the EU needs to take on a global leadership role and actively defend and promote its values and interests worldwide, notably on multilateralism, international law, democracy and human rights;	<p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p>1. Notes that the Union's strategic environment has become unstable more complex and more contested; takes the view that the EU needs to take on a global leadership role and actively defend and promote its values and interests worldwide, notably on multilateralism, international law, democracy and human rights;</p> <p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>1. Notes that the Union's external strategic environment has become unstable; takes the</p>	

		view <i>considers</i> that the EU needs to take on <i>assume</i> a global leadership role and actively defend and promote its values and interests worldwide, notably on multilateralism, international law, democracy and human rights;	
2.	Recalls that traditional partners are retreating from the global stage, increasing pressure on multilateral cooperation and institutions, and regional powers are becoming increasingly assertive;	<p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p>2. Recalls that traditional partners are retreating from the global stage, increasing pressure on multilateral cooperation and institutions, and <i>others regional</i> powers, <i>global such as regional ones</i>, are becoming increasingly assertive;</p> <p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>2. Recalls that traditional partners are retreating from the global stage, increasing pressure on multilateral cooperation and institutions, and regional powers are becoming increasingly assertive;</p> <p>2. <i>new. The current security environment, translated into increased assertiveness of certain powers, calls for a more sound multilateral cooperation between EU member states and institutions.</i></p>	

		<p><u>LT – Seimas</u></p> <p>2. Recalls that traditional partners are retreating from changing dynamics on the global stage, increasing pressure on multilateral cooperation and institutions, and regional powers are becoming increasingly assertive;</p>	
3.	Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and more united and proactive external action for Europe to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect the security of EU Member States and their citizens; emphasises the importance of improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, including by reviewing its decision-making processes;	<p><u>EL - Vouli ton Ellínon</u> <u>CY - Vouli ton Antiprosopon</u> <u>PL – Sejm</u> <u>LT - Seimas</u> <i>(identical amendment submitted by four delegations)</i></p> <p>3. Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and more united and proactive external action for Europe to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect the security of EU Member States and their citizens; emphasises the importance of improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, including by reviewing its decision-making processes;</p> <p><u>BG – Narodno Sobranie</u></p> <p>3. Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and</p>	

		<p>more united and proactive external action for Europe to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect the security <i>and strategic interest</i> of EU Member States and their citizens; emphasises the importance of improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, including by reviewing its decision-making processes <i>and by making use of qualified majority voting</i>;</p> <p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>3. Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and more united and proactive external action for Europe to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect the security <i>and values</i> of EU Member States and their citizens; emphasises the importance of improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, including by reviewing its decision-making processes;</p> <p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p>3. Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and more united and proactive external action for Europe to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect the security of EU Member States and their</p>	
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		<p>citizens; emphasises the importance of <i>further</i> improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, <i>including by reviewing its decision-making processes;</i></p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p>3. Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and more united and proactive external action for Europe to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect the security of EU Member States and their citizens; emphasises the importance of improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy <i>and the Common Security and Defence Policy</i>, including by reviewing its decision-making processes;</p> <p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>3. Stresses, therefore, the urgent need for a strong political and strategic coordination and more united and proactive external action for <i>Europe the EU</i> to be able to face the multiple challenges that directly or indirectly affect <i>the its</i> security <i>of EU Member States</i> and <i>their its</i> citizens; emphasises the importance of improving effectiveness of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, including <i>by reviewing its decision-making processes</i> <i>through a closer involvement of capitals in</i></p>	
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		<i>the decision-shaping process;</i>	
4.	Recalls that, in order to become a more effective actor in its neighbourhood and beyond, the EU needs to be able to team up with strategic like-minded partners around the world; in this regard, calls for an improvement of its capacities for anticipating and responding to the effects of globalisation, and the new priorities and alliances being set by emerging powers;	<p><u>CY – Vouli ton Antiprosopon</u></p> <p>4. Recalls that, in order to become a more effective actor in its neighbourhood and beyond, the EU needs to be able to team up with strategic like-minded partners around the world, <i>who share its values and principles and particularly the rule of law and international legality</i>; in this regard, calls for an improvement of its capacities for anticipating and responding to the effects of globalisation, and the new priorities and alliances being set by emerging powers;</p>	
		<p><u>LT – Seimas</u></p> <p><i>4.a new. Is deeply concerned about the increasing attempts by the hostile actors to distort historical facts, and employ symbolism and rhetoric that echoes aspects of totalitarian propaganda, aiming to divide Europe;</i></p>	
5.	Supports the initiative for setting up new platforms for policy dialogue within the EU in full cooperation with the Member States, in order to agree on the joint European positions on the current issues of EU security architecture and to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process in the field of security policy;	<p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>5. Supports the initiative for setting up new platforms for policy dialogue within the EU in full cooperation with the Member States, in order to agree on the joint European positions on the current issues of EU security</p>	

		<p>architecture and to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process in the field of security policy <i>and promotion of values and interests, notably on multilateralism, international law, democracy and human rights;</i></p> <p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p>5. Supports the initiative <i>further discussions on for the necessity and added value of setting up possible new platforms for policy dialogue within the EU in full cooperation with the Member States, in order to agree on the joint European positions on the current issues of EU security architecture and to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process in the field of security policy;</i></p> <p><u>PL – Sejm</u></p> <p>5. Supports the initiative for setting up new platforms for policy dialogue within the EU in full cooperation with the Member States, in order to agree on the joint European positions on the current issues of EU security architecture and to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process in the field of security policy;</p>	
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		<p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>5. Supports the initiative for setting up new <i>inclusive</i> platforms for policy dialogue within the EU in full cooperation with the Member States, in order to agree on the joint European positions on the current issues of EU security architecture and to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process in the field of security policy;</p> <p><u>LT – Seimas</u></p> <p>5. Supports the initiative for setting up new platforms for policy dialogue within the EU in full cooperation with the Member States, in order to agree on the joint European positions on the current issues of EU security architecture and to facilitate a more efficient decision-making process in the field of security policy;</p>	
		<p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p><i>5.a new. Fully supports the European Commission in the process towards a Conference on the future of Europe to shape real European political discourse. In this perspective, the Interparliamentary Conference on CFSP/CSDP should be permanently represented at the said Conference in order to assure due</i></p>	

		<p><i>consideration to issues related to EU external relations and EU security and defence architecture and to possible reforms in the decision making process on CFSP/CSDP issues;</i></p> <p><u>LT – Seimas</u></p> <p><i>5.a new. Stresses the importance of human rights protection around the world and in this sense backs the approval of a possible EU global human rights sanctions regime as a tool of the Common Foreign and Security Policy; calls on the Commission and the Member States to combat impunity of persons complicit in serious human rights violations all around the world;</i></p>	
6.	Underlines the crucial role of parliaments played through parliamentary diplomacy, mediation and conflict prevention, as a pillar of the EU's CFSP; calls for an increased involvement of the national parliaments and the European Parliament in the scrutiny, oversight and steering of all EU external instruments; reiterates the importance of the national parliaments and the European Parliament in their role as soft-power actors in the CFSP;	<p><u>DE - German Bundestag</u></p> <p>6. Underlines the crucial role of parliaments played through parliamentary diplomacy, mediation and conflict prevention, as a pillar of the EU's CFSP; calls for an increased involvement of the national parliaments and the European Parliament in the scrutiny, oversight and steering of all EU external instruments; reiterates the importance of the national parliaments and the European Parliament in their role as <i>soft-power indispensable</i> actors in the CFSP;</p>	

		<p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p>6. Underlines the crucial role of parliaments played through parliamentary diplomacy, mediation and conflict prevention, as a pillar of the EU's CFSP; calls for an increased involvement of the national parliaments and the European Parliament in the scrutiny, oversight and steering of all relevant EU external instruments; reiterates the importance of the national parliaments and the European Parliament in their role as soft-power actors in the CFSP;</p>	
7.	<p>Welcomes the Commission's commitment to the accession perspective of the Western Balkans and the reaffirmation of the region's enormous strategic importance to the Union; stresses its commitment to enlargement, which remains an important pillar of EU foreign policy; reiterates that the EU needs an ambitious and credible stance on enlargement;</p>	<p><u>PL – Senat</u> <u>PL - Sejm</u></p> <p>7. Welcomes the Commission's commitment to the accession perspective of the Western Balkans and the reaffirmation of the region's enormous strategic importance to the Union; stresses its commitment to enlargement, which remains an the most important pillar of EU foreign policy towards its closest neighbourhood; reiterates that the EU needs an ambitious and credible stance on enlargement;</p>	
8.	<p>Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should continue guiding the Western Balkan countries towards accession and invites the European Council to continue</p>	<p><u>EL - Voulí ton Ellínou</u></p> <p>8. Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should</p>	

	<p>supporting the European perspective of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their adherence to the Copenhagen criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and human and minority rights, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting the relevant criteria;</p>	<p>continue guiding the Western Balkan countries towards accession and invites the European Council to continue supporting the European perspective of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their adherence to the Copenhagen criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and human and minority rights, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting the relevant criteria; <i>good neighbourly relations and regional cooperation remain essential elements of the Enlargement Process, as well as of the Stabilisation and Association Process;</i></p> <p><u>BG – Narodno Sobranie</u></p> <p>8. Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should continue guiding the Western Balkan countries towards accession and invites <i>urges</i> the European Council to continue supporting the European perspective <i>path</i> of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their <i>countries'</i> adherence to the Copenhagen criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and human and minority rights, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting the relevant criteria; and the rule of law,</p>	
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		<p><i>respect for fundamental freedoms, human and minority rights, strengthened regional cooperation and good neighborly relations, and due foreign policy alignment;</i></p> <p><u>European Parliament</u></p> <p>8. Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should continue guiding the Western Balkan countries towards accession and invites the European Council to continue supporting the European perspective of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their adherence to the Copenhagen criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and human and minority rights, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting <i>and also sustainable implementation of</i> the relevant criteria;</p> <p><u>PL – Senat</u> <u>PL - Sejm</u></p> <p>8. Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should continue guiding the Western Balkan countries towards accession and invites the European Council to continue supporting the European perspective of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their adherence to the Copenhagen</p>	
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		<p>criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and human and minority rights, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting the relevant criteria; <i>highlights the importance of the candidate countries' alignment with the CFSP;</i></p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p>8. Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should continue guiding the Western Balkan countries towards accession and invites the European Council to continue supporting the European perspective of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their adherence to the Copenhagen criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and human and minority rights, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting the relevant criteria; <i>supports therefore the permanent involvement of delegations of Western Balkan States in the Conference on the future of Europe;</i></p> <p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>8. Takes note of the new enlargement methodology; reiterates that the EU should continue guiding the Western Balkan countries</p>	
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		<p>towards accession and invites the European Council to continue supporting the European perspective of the Western Balkans; highlights that enlargement is a merit-based process and depends on their adherence to the Copenhagen criteria, the principles of democracy, respect for fundamental freedoms and <i>human-and minority for the rights of persons belonging to minorities</i>, observance of the rule of law and their individual achievements in meeting the relevant criteria;</p>	
9.	<p>Recalls that the European perspective constitutes a powerful catalyst for reforms, democratic consolidation and enhanced EU scrutiny in candidate and potential candidate countries; notes that both Albania and North Macedonia meet the EU's requirements for opening accession negotiations; looks forward to the EU – Western Balkans summit, taking place in Zagreb in May 2020, with a view of providing new impetus to enlargement process;</p>	<p><u>EL - Vouli ton Ellínon</u></p> <p>9. Recalls that the European perspective constitutes a powerful catalyst for reforms, democratic consolidation and enhanced EU scrutiny in candidate and potential candidate countries; notes that both Albania and North Macedonia meet the EU's requirements for opening accession negotiations; <i>takes good note of the Commission's recommendation to open accession negotiations with Albania and the Republic of North Macedonia based on its positive evaluation of the progress made and of the fulfilment of the conditions identified by the Council</i>; looks forward to the European Council reverting to the issue before the EU – Western Balkans Summit, taking place in Zagreb in May 2020, with a view of providing new impetus to enlargement process;</p>	

		<p><u>BG – Narodno Sobranie</u></p> <p>9. Recalls that the European perspective constitutes a powerful catalyst for reforms, democratic consolidation and enhanced EU scrutiny in candidate and potential candidate countries; notes that both <i>the Republic of Albania</i> and <i>the Republic of North Macedonia</i> meet the EU's requirements for opening accession negotiations; <i>Recalling the Thessaloniki Agenda of 2003 and the Sofia Declaration of 17 May 2018</i> looks forward to the EU - Western Balkans summit, taking place in Zagreb in May 2020, with a view of providing new <i>stronger</i> impetus to <i>the</i> enlargement process;</p> <p><u>NL – Tweede Kamer</u></p> <p>9. Recalls that the European perspective constitutes a powerful catalyst for reforms, democratic consolidation and enhanced EU scrutiny in candidate and potential candidate countries; notes that both Albania and North Macedonia meet the EU's requirements for opening accession negotiations; looks forward to the EU – Western Balkans summit, taking place in Zagreb in May 2020, with a view of providing new impetus to enlargement process;</p>	
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		<p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>9. Recalls that the European perspective constitutes a powerful catalyst for reforms, democratic consolidation and enhanced EU scrutiny in <i>both</i> candidate and potential candidate countries; notes that both Albania and North Macedonia meet the EU's requirements for opening accession negotiations; looks forward to the EU – Western Balkans summit, taking place in Zagreb in May 2020, with a view of providing new impetus to enlargement process;</p>	
10.	Underlines that the EU should retain its focus on the Western Balkans also in the area of security and defence by providing them with capacity building support in countering hybrid and cyber threats, notably through a structured dialogue, exercises and strategic communication;	<p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>10. Underlines that the EU should retain its focus on the Western Balkans also in the area of security and defence by providing them with capacity building support in countering hybrid and cyber threats, notably through a structured dialogue, exercises and strategic communication <i>and by the promotion of values and interests, notably on multilateralism, international law, democracy and human rights;</i></p> <p><u>PL – Senat</u> <u>PL - Sejm</u></p> <p>10. Underlines that the EU should retain its focus on the Western Balkans also in the area</p>	

		<p>of security and defence by providing them with capacity building support in countering hybrid and cyber threats, <i>and disinformation</i>, notably through a structured dialogue, exercises and strategic communication;</p> <p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>10. Underlines that the EU should retain its focus on the Western Balkans also in the area of security and defence by providing them with capacity building support in countering <i>climate</i>, hybrid and cyber threats, notably through a structured dialogue, exercises and strategic communication, <i>as well as the appointment of an EU Special Representative for the Belgrad-Priština dialogue</i>;</p>	
11.	<p>Recognises that the Union’s stability is affected by the situation in its Eastern and Southern Neighbourhood and encourages the development of closer strategic relations with the Eastern and Southern partners; recalls the EU’s transformative potential for neighbouring regions and countries; reiterates its support for the Eastern Partnership; stresses, however, that in order to be more successful, the Eastern Partnership needs renewed dynamism and reinforced approach to achieve further convergence in line with the aspirations of each country in the spirit of the “more for more” principle and in full compliance with political conditionality; in this regards, looks forward to the</p>	<p><u>CY – Vouli ton Antiprosopon</u></p> <p>11. Recognises that the Union’s stability is affected by the situation in its Eastern and Southern Neighbourhood and encourages the development of closer strategic relations with the Eastern and Southern partners; recalls the EU’s transformative potential for neighbouring regions and countries; reiterates its support for the Eastern Partnership; stresses, however, that in order to be more successful, the Eastern Partnership needs renewed dynamism and reinforced approach to achieve further convergence in line with the aspirations of</p>	

	<p>discussion on the priorities and goals of the Eastern Partnership for the period beyond 2020 at the forthcoming Eastern Partnership Summit; stresses the importance of complementing any efforts in political and security terms with a clear strategy aiming at delivering security for the Southern Neighbourhood region and promoting democratic values and processes;</p>	<p>each country in the spirit of the “more for more” principle and in full compliance with political conditionality; in this regards, looks forward to the discussion on the priorities and goals of the Eastern Partnership for the period beyond 2020 at the forthcoming Eastern Partnership Summit; stresses the importance of complementing any efforts in political and security terms with a clear strategy aiming at delivering security for the Southern Neighbourhood region <i>and the Mediterranean area in general</i> and promoting democratic values and processes, <i>the rule of law and international legality</i>;</p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p>11. Recognises that the Union’s stability is affected by the situation in its Eastern and Southern Neighbourhood and encourages the development of closer strategic relations with the Eastern and Southern partners; recalls the EU’s transformative potential for neighbouring regions and countries; reiterates its support for the Eastern Partnership; stresses, however, that in order to be more successful, the Eastern Partnership needs renewed dynamism and reinforced approach to achieve further convergence in line with the aspirations of each country in the spirit of the “more for more” principle and in full compliance with political conditionality; in this regards, looks forward to the discussion on the priorities and goals of the</p>	
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		<p>Eastern Partnership for the period beyond 2020 at the forthcoming Eastern Partnership Summit; stresses the importance of complementing any efforts in political and security terms with a clear strategy aiming at delivering security for the Southern Neighbourhood region and promoting democratic values and processes;</p> <p><u>RO – Senat</u></p> <p>11. Recognises that the Union’s stability is affected by the situation in different challenges and threats stemming from its Eastern and Southern Neighbourhood and encourages the development of closer strategic relations with the Eastern and Southern partners; recalls the EU’s transformative potential for neighbouring regions and countries; reiterates its support for the Eastern Partnership partners, including on their resilience; stresses, however, that in order to be more successful, the Eastern Partnership needs renewed dynamism and reinforced political approach to achieve political association and economic integration, further convergence in line with the aspirations of each country in the spirit of the “more for more” principle and in full compliance with political conditionality; in this regards, looks forward to the discussion on the priorities and goals of the Eastern Partnership for the period beyond 2020 at the forthcoming Eastern</p>	
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		Partnership Summit; stresses the importance of complementing any efforts in political and security terms with a clear strategy aiming at delivering security for the Southern <i>and Eastern</i> Neighbourhood region and promoting democratic values and processes;	
		<p><u>European Parliament</u></p> <p><i>11.a new. Underlines the contribution of CSDP civilian and military missions and operations to international peace, security and stability; recalls that Africa, because of its demographic, security and development challenges, must be a priority for the European Union's foreign and security policy;</i></p> <p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p><i>11.a new. Recognises the importance of the EU-led military and civilian missions and operations in promoting peace, security and stability in partner countries (and thereby further strengthening security within the EU).</i></p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p><i>11.a new. Stresses the importance of complementing any efforts in political and security terms with a clear strategy aiming at</i></p>	

		<p><i>delivering security for the Southern Neighbourhood region and promoting democratic values and processes: the challenges to stability that, ranging from the Horn of Africa, reach Europe through the Sahel and then the Mediterranean must represent reasons for concern and constant monitoring by the European Union, called to act as a global player capable of simultaneously overseeing multiple geographical areas;</i></p> <p><u>ES – Cortes Generales</u></p> <p><i>11.a new. Recalls that stability, security and prosperity of the countries on the southern shore of the Mediterranean are of crucial importance for the EU; in this context, and given the worsening of the situation, notes that peace and long-term stability in Libya are a common priority; reiterates its support for the UN-led process for the cessation of hostilities and an inclusive political solution.</i></p>	
		<p><u>European Parliament</u></p> <p><i>11.b new. Recognises that peace and security on the EU external borders depends on the development and stability of partner countries in the Western Balkans and Neighbourhood; reminds that those countries are currently under migratory pressure caused by conflicts, violence and instability in Syria, Libya, the Sahel and the sub-Saharan</i></p>	

		<p><i>region; reiterates its support for the CSDP civilian and military missions that are preserving peace and stability and supporting local partners;</i></p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p><i>11.b new. Affirms its commitment towards peace and a lasting and sustainable stabilization of Libya as an essential condition to effectively counter the terrorist threat, to prevent illegal traffics and contribute to the stability of the whole Euro-Mediterranean region, and stresses its full support to the UN-led efforts for a political solution of the crisis, in line with the Conclusions set by the Berlin Conference on Libya; supports the commitment stressed by point 6 of the Berlin Declaration to refrain from interference in the armed conflict or in the internal affairs of Libya and urging all international actors to do the same; supports the launch of a new PSDC operation in the Mediterranean Sea, having as goals the implementation of the arms embargo imposed by the UN Security Council, but also the fight to the organized crime responsible for illegal migration, with due respect to the consistent international law of the sea;</i></p>	
		<p><u>European Parliament</u></p>	

		<p><i>11.c new. Deplores the breakdown of effective international arms control, disarmament and non-proliferation regimes as well as of de-escalation and confidence-building measures, which are a cornerstone of European and global security; stresses also that, in view of ‘emerging technologies’ such as cyber technology and autonomous weapons, disarmament, arms control and non-proliferation should become a major focus of the EU's foreign and security policy; notes that irresponsible arms transfers to third countries undermine and weaken the CFSP; calls for strict compliance with the eight criteria set out in Common Position 2008/944/CFSP on the control of arms exports; urges the VP/HR to use all available political and diplomatic means to safeguard the joint comprehensive plan of action (JCPOA) and new strategic arms reduction treaty (New START) and to launch a coherent and credible strategy for multilateral negotiations on regional de-escalation and confidence-building measures in the Gulf that involves all the actors in the region;</i></p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p><i>11.c new. Encourages an approach to international relations, both in multilateral fora and in bilateral dynamics with third</i></p>	
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		<p><i>countries, focused on respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms as a decisive factor for building and maintaining peace and security; for these reasons, it is committed to ensuring protection and security for human rights defenders, academic researchers, journalists and media operators, as well as young researchers engaged in research in the humanitarian field;</i></p>	
12.	<p>Recognises the efforts of the Member States in the area of security and defence aimed at further enhancing European defence cooperation, among other by continued implementation, consolidation and coherence of the launched defence initiatives (PESCO, CARD, EDF, military mobility), and by development of industrial and research dimension of EU defence; encourages progress in the ongoing debate regarding the proposed European Peace Facility; supports more targeted EU-NATO cooperation as a key investment into European security and contribution to transatlantic relations;</p>	<p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>12. Recognises the efforts of the Member States in the area of security and defence aimed at further enhancing European defence cooperation <i>with the aim of developing the military capabilities required to implement the CSDP</i>, among other by continued implementation, consolidation and coherence of the launched defence initiatives (PESCO, CARD, EDF, military mobility), and by development of <i>a capability driven</i> industrial and research dimension of EU defence; encourages progress in the ongoing debate regarding the proposed European Peace Facility; supports more targeted EU-NATO cooperation as a key investment into European security and contribution to transatlantic relations;</p>	

		<p><u>CY – Vouli ton Antiprosopon</u></p> <p>12. Recognises the efforts of the Member States in the area of security and defence aimed at further enhancing European defence cooperation, among other by continued implementation, consolidation and coherence of the launched defence initiatives (PESCO, CARD, EDF, military mobility), and by development of industrial and research dimension of EU defence; encourages progress in the ongoing debate regarding the proposed European Peace Facility; supports more targeted EU-NATO cooperation as a key <i>an</i> investment into European security and contribution to transatlantic relations, <i>while respecting the distinctive role of the two Organisations;</i></p> <p><u>LT - Seimas</u></p> <p>12. Recognises the efforts of the Member States in the area of security and defence aimed at further enhancing European defence cooperation, among other by continued implementation, consolidation and coherence of the launched defence initiatives (PESCO, CARD, EDF, military mobility), and by development of industrial and research dimension of EU defence <i>initiatives;</i> encourages progress in the ongoing debate regarding the proposed European Peace</p>	
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		Facility; supports more targeted EU-NATO cooperation as a key investment into European security and contribution to transatlantic relations;	
		<p><u>DE - German Bundestag</u></p> <p><i>12.a new. Recognises the necessity for future cooperation with the United Kingdom in the CFSP and is willing to contribute to a constructive discourse about the frame for the future EU-UK CFSP cooperation; supports the Commission's efforts to discuss the topic with the UK; encourages British Parliamentarians to stress the importance of future cooperation in CFSP.</i></p>	
13.	Calls for closer and more coherent cooperation between the national parliaments and the European Parliament in the field of security and defence; underlines the need to ensure effective parliamentary scrutiny of initiatives within the Common Security and Defence Policy;		
		<p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p><i>13.a new. Considers the nexus between the common area of freedom and security under Article 67 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union and the common foreign, defence and security policy of vital importance, within the framework of the</i></p>	

		<p><i>consistency between EU policies provided for in Article 7 of the said Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union; underlines that – within the same respect – security and stability within the EU borders can only be ensured through a reliable and effective common defence policy; believes that the defence policies of individual Member States will not reach the required levels of effectiveness and readiness outside the framework of EU coordination and integration; highlights that, in this context, participation in investments in the defence sector should be based on common intent and equal access for all Member States, under the guidance and oversight of the European Parliament and of national parliaments;</i></p>	
14.	<p>Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European identity and its independence in order to promote peace, security and progress in Europe and in the world; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting;</p>	<p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>14. Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby <i>reinforcing the global leadership of the EU and, to actively defend and promote its values and interests worldwide, notably on multilateralism, international law, democracy and human rights</i> reinforcing the European identity and its independence in order to promote peace, security and progress in</p>	

		<p><i>Europe and in the world</i>; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting.</p> <p><u>NL – Tweede Kamer</u></p> <p>14. Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European identity and its independence, <i>with full respect for the essential role of NATO in Europe and the transatlantic region, and for the commitments of EU member states that are also NATO allies</i>, in order to promote peace, security and progress in Europe and in the world; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting.</p> <p><u>PL – Senat</u></p> <p>14. Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European identity and its</p>	
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		<p><i>independence effectiveness</i> in order to promote peace, security and progress in Europe and in the world; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting.</p> <p><u>PL – Sejm</u></p> <p>14. <i>Welcomes</i> <i>Notes preparations for</i> the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European identity <i>and its independence</i> in order to promote peace, security and progress in Europe and in the world; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting.</p> <p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p>14. Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European <i>identity and its independence</i>, <i>security and defence culture</i> in order to promote peace, security and progress</p>	
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		<p>in Europe and in the world; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting.</p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p>14. Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European identity and its independence in order to promote peace, security and progress in Europe and in the world; <i>in particular, calls for greater action by EU Member States on the action plan on military mobility, considering this topic as a priority for the European Commission</i>; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting;</p> <p><u>LT – Seimas</u></p> <p>14. Welcomes the PESCO strategic review and calls on the Member States to fully commit to the ambition of progressively framing a common defence policy in accordance with the provisions of Article 42 TEU, thereby reinforcing the European identity and its independence <i>European readiness and its</i></p>	
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		<p><i>capacity</i> in order to promote peace, security and progress in Europe and in the world; recommends to the Commission and the VP/HR to share their reflections in this regard in their first-one-hundred-days reporting.</p>	
15.	<p>Underlines the importance of maintaining the budget allocation and level of ambition for the EDF and military mobility within the Multiannual Financial Framework 2020-2027, which will support the achievement of the EU's strategic security and defence objectives; supports a strategic approach to long term common capability development; underlines the need to include a procurement support strand within the EDF, thereby operationalising European solidarity and cohesion in defence capacity building and urges the Commission and the VP/HR to treat this as a priority;</p>	<p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>15. Underlines the importance of <i>maintaining the budget allocation and level of ambition</i> for the EDF and military mobility within the Multiannual Financial Framework 2020-2027, which will support the achievement of the <i>Member States and the</i> EU's strategic security and defence objectives; supports a strategic approach to long term common capability development; underlines the need to <i>foster, develop and sustain a capability driven European Defence Technological and Industrial Base in accordance with the ambitions in the DIRECTIVE 2009/81/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009, stressing the important advisory role of the EDF in the procurement process; include a procurement support strand within the EDF, thereby operationalising European solidarity and cohesion in defence capacity building and urges the Commission and the VP/HR to treat this as a priority;</i></p>	

		<p><u>HU – Országgyűlés</u></p> <p>15. Underlines the importance of maintaining the budget allocation and level of ambition for the EDF and military mobility within the Multiannual Financial Framework 2020 2021-2027, which will support the achievement of the EU's strategic security and defence objectives; supports a strategic approach to long term common capability development; underlines the need to include a procurement support strand within the EDF, thereby operationalising European solidarity and cohesion in defence capacity building and urges the Commission and the VP/HR to treat this as a priority;</p> <p><u>IT – Camera dei Deputati and Senato</u></p> <p>15. Underlines the importance of maintaining the budget allocation and level of ambition for the EDF, <i>the EPF</i> and military mobility within the Multiannual Financial Framework 20201-2027, which will support the achievement of the EU's strategic security and defence objectives; supports a strategic approach to long term common capability development; underlines the need to include a procurement support strand within the EDF, thereby operationalising European solidarity and cohesion in defence capacity building and urges the Commission and the VP/HR to treat</p>	
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		<p>this as a priority;</p> <p><u>LT Seimas</u></p> <p>15. Underlines the importance of maintaining <i>an adequate</i> budget allocation and to achieve level of ambition for the EDF and military mobility within the Multiannual Financial Framework 2020-2027, which will support the achievement of the EU's strategic security and defence objectives; supports a strategic approach to long term common capability development; underlines the need to include a procurement support strand within the EDF, thereby operationalising European solidarity and cohesion in defence capacity building and urges the Commission and the VP/HR to treat this as a priority;</p>	
16.	<p>Recalls that an inclusive approach to conflict prevention, resolution and mediation is paramount to their long-term viability and recalls the increased success of conflict resolution when gender parity and equality are respected throughout the process; calls on the Commission and the EEAS to provide for the structural engagement of women in all its crisis management related activities; calls on the EU and Member States to actively contribute to the implementation of UNSC Resolution 1325 on Women, Peace and Security and its follow-up resolutions;</p>	<p><u>SE – Riksdagen</u></p> <p>16. Recalls that an inclusive approach to <i>national defence</i>, conflict prevention, resolution and mediation is paramount to their long-term viability and recalls the increased success of conflict resolution when gender parity and equality are respected throughout the process <i>and in the capacity building of the EU security architecture</i>; calls on the Commission and the EEAS to provide for the structural engagement of women in all its crisis management related activities; calls on</p>	

		the EU and Member States to actively contribute to the implementation of UNSC Resolution 1325 on Women, Peace and Security and its follow-up resolutions;	
		<p><u>FI - Eduskunta</u></p> <p><i>16.a. new. Welcomes the statement by VP/HR that the European Union is fully committed to all efforts to help find a peaceful resolution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict stressing the EU's continued commitment to support a just and lasting peace based on our commitment to a two-State solution in accordance with the agreed international parameters; underlines the need to resolve the final status issues through direct negotiations between both parties; supports the EU in all efforts aimed at reviving a political process in line with international law, which ensures equal rights and which is acceptable to both parties.</i></p>	
17.	Welcomes the VP/HR's commitment to work closely with the national parliaments and the European Parliament; looks forward to co-operating with the VP/HR on the important matters discussed at this Conference; expresses its wish to assess progress on these matters together with the VP/HR at the next IPC.		